Unemployed Persons in Assam

1321. SHRIMATI BASANTI SARMA: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) the details of educated/uneducated, skilled/unskilled unemployed youth registered with the various employment exchanges in the State of Assam during the last three years, district-wise;

(b) what steps are being taken by Government to create the job for them; and

(c) the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF LABOUR (DR. SATYANARAYAN JATIYA): (a) A statement containing the available information is enclosed. (*See* below)

(b) and (c) the approach to the Ninth Plan envisages priority to agriculture and rural development with a view to generating adequate productive employment and eradication of poverty. Greater productive employment will be generated in the growth process itself by concentrating on sectors, sub-sectors and technologies which are labour intensive, in regions characterised by higher rates of unemployment and underemployment.

To tackle the Unemployment problem of the State, the Government of Assam has constituted a "STATE-LEVEL COMMITTEE ON GENERATION OF EMPLOYMENT". The Committee in its First meeting held on 31st October 1998 has emphasised the need for creating 5(five) lakhs employment within the next 3(three) years.

Statement

No. Of Educated and Uneducated Job-Seekers Registered With Employment Exchanges in Assam 1996—1998

S.No.	Districts	Number on Live Register at the end of 31st December, 1996		1997		1998	
		Educated	Uneducated	Educated	Uneducated	Educated	Uneducated
1.	Jorhat	55231	28445	57941	26747	62064	25004
2.	Golaghat	37123	9343	39115	17846	48718	9767
3.	Sibsagar	95079	37958	95121	41678	96326	54801
4.	Dibrugarh	48047	30294	53240	41859	72820	24948
5.	Tinsukia	25323	19287	29400	21128	52054	9533
6.	Sonitpur	50454	20227	57200	24750	67505	16852
7.	Darrang	31897	11408	33712	20865	45075	10350
8.	Lakhimpur	32225	16489	35315	29016	59370	7206
9.	Dhemagi	18435	4196	18088	9970	20514	8540
10.	Nagaom	40895	20897	45225	40014	76488	22864
11.	Morigaon	15279	23581	38301	25085	42117	23326
12.	Kamrup	129434	105970	166447	101458	190279	91994
13.	Nalbari	45447	9748	45414	23485	64808	8765
14.	Barpeta	66471	10713	77212	8212	78044	10342
15.	Dhubari	27468	5387	39203	6501	40596	7990
16.	Kkokrajhar	11915	3597	12116	4567	16913	1702
17.	Goalpara	13604	5125	18229	8975	25826	3670
18.	Bongaigaon	17610	22777	28242	14614	35537	13242
19.	Cahar	37599	20201	38611	20900	50593	14586

S.No.	Districts	Number on Live Register at the end of 31st December, 1996		1997		1998	
		Educated	Uneducated	Educated	Uneducated	Educated	Uneducated
20.	Hailakandi	16310	7422	18511	6323	20915	7263
21.	Karimganj	23180	5352	25210	3019	28356	5390
22.	Karbianglong	8678	8628	8851	8469	1529	12815
23.	N.C.Hills	3736	5795	4413	5131	6629	3510
	TOTAL	851440	432840	985117	510612	1217276	394460

Note:—Data on "Skilled" and "Unskilled" Applicants are not Maintained Separately. Applicants in the Skilled Category are included with Applicants in the Educated Category and the Unskilled are included with the Uneducated Applicants.

सूरत में विभिन्न कपड़ा मिलों में कार्यरत कर्मचारी

1322. **श्री गोविन्दराम मिरी:** क्या श्रम मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) गुजरात में सूरत में स्थित विभिन्न कपड़ा मिलों में कार्यरत कर्मचारियों की कुल अनुमानित संख्या कितनी है;

(ख) इस संबंध में सरकारी और गैर-सरकारी दोनों क्षेत्रों में मिल-वार अद्यतन ब्यौरा क्या है;

(ग) क्या इन मिलों के कामगारों का नियोक्ताओं द्वारा शोषण किया जा रहा है;

(घ) क्या उक्त मिलों में कार्यरत महाराष्ट्र, उत्तर प्रदेश, बिहार, उड़ीसा और मध्य प्रदेश से आने वाले कामगारों को नियमित रूप से उनकी मजदूरी नहीं मिल रही है और उन्हें एक दिन में आठ घंटे से ज्यादा काम करने के लिए कहा जाता है; और

(ङ) यदि हां, तो इन कामगारों को नियोक्ताओं के चंगुल से बचाने के लिए कौन-कौन से कदम उठाए है?

श्रम मंत्री (डा० सत्यानारायण जटिया): (क) से (ङ) गुजरात में सूरत स्थित तीन निजी क्षेत्र की मिलों में 2232 कामगार नियोजित हैं। सभी तीनों मिलों में प्रतिदिन 8 घंटे की तीन शिफ्टों में कार्य किया जाता है जिससे समयोपरि और समयोपरि भुगतान की गुंजाइश नहीं रहती। गुजरात राज्य सरकार को कामगारों के प्रतिनिधि/श्रमिक संघ की ओर से कामगारों के शोषण अथवा मजदूरी का भुगतान न किए जाने के संबंध में कोई शिकायत प्राप्त नहीं हुई है।

Setting up of National Labour Commission

1323. SHRI AMAR SINGH: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have decided to set up National Labour; Commission

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) by when it would start functioning;

(d) whether the problem of unorganised labour which constitute more than 90 per cent of the work force, would also be examined by the proposed Commission;

(e) if so, the details thereof; and

(f) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF LABOUR (DR. SATYANARAYAN JATIYA): (a) to (f) The Government have decided to set up the Second National Commission on Lobur comprising of a Chairman and two full time members. There will be a provision of 07 part time members to represent govt., industry and workers etc. One of the full time members, who will be of the level of Joint Secretary to Govt. of India, Will act as the Member Secretary to Govt. of India, will act as the Member Secretary of the Commission. The tenure of the Commission will be 24 months from the date of its constitution, One of the terms of reference of the Commission